McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXVI

SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1889. NUMBER 43

...Kean County Miner.

...RIERS, Proprietor.

...ival and Departure of Mails.

...ail N. Y. & P. (Chartered Route) ar... ...and 6:37 p. m., and leaves at ... ...and 2:30 p. m.

...ail B. R. & P. R. R. arrives at 10 a. m. ... ...and leaves at 6:00 a. m. and 3:30 ...

...Telegraph Mail leaves at 12:15 p. ...

...arrives at 4:30 p. m.

...Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday ... ...at 10 a. m., and departs at 2:30 p. ...

...hours.

...minutes before leaving time.

...orders will not be issued or Letters ... ...after 12 m. and 2:30 p. m.

...arrives Sunday for delivery of mail ... ...p. m.

CLARK WILSON, P. M.

Prestige Directory.

F. & A. M.

...Lodge, No. 268, F. & A. M., meets ... ...and fourth Wednesday of each ... ...at 7:30 p. m., at Masonic Hall, ...

...F. E. FOSTER, W. M.

...Secy.

A. O. U. W.

...Lodge, No. 82, meets every ... ...and third Tuesday evenings of each ... ...in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Bradley Block.

...STRAW, M. W.

...GORTON, Recorder.

Z. A. U.

...Second and Third Wednesday evenings ...

...Smethport.

...McKENZIE, President.

...H. KNIGHT, Secretary.

G. A. R.

...Post No. 95, meets every Thursday even... ...at 7:30 o'clock, in the A. O. U. W. Hall, ...

...H. M. CHEADLE, Com.

...Rooms, Adjutant.

W. R. C.

...every Thursday afternoon in A. O. U. W. ...Hall, Bradley Block.

...Mrs. Nellie Masterson, Pres't.

...Mrs. Wm. Gates, Sec'y.

K. O. O. F.

...meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in ...Odeon Hall.

...A. E. Dorr, N. G.

...F. Wheelhan, Sec'y.

K. O. T. M.

...meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in Rock... ...Block.

...E. R. Reynolds, Com.

...H. Gates, K. R. & S.

W. C. T. U.

...meets every alternate Friday afternoon, at ... ...in Presbyterian Sunday-school ...

...Mrs. M. E. Richardson, Pres't.

...Mrs. M. E. Richardson, Sec'y.

Y. W. C. T. U.

...meets every Friday evening, at 7:30, in Tem... ...Hall, Bradley Block.

...Miss W. P. Richardson, Pres't.

...Miss Lydia Hutchinson, Sec'y.

Knights of St. Wenzlas and the Iron Cross.

...meets in Duchow Hall on first and third ...Wednesdays in the month at 7 p. m.

...Lawrence Wallace, S. K. C.

...Frank Galetzki, Scribe.

Rev. J. H. McCarthy, Warden.

...Smethport Encampment, No. 273, I. O. O. F.

...meets the First and Third Wednesdays o... ...month in Bradley Hall.

J. A. Hendricks, Chief Patriarch.

H. M. Cheadle, Scribe.

Theological Directory.

...Church.—Rev. W. Stokes, pastor. Preach... ...at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. ...Sabbath-school immediately after morning services. ...Prayer-meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. ...Class-meeting on 1st Sunday in every month, ...following the first Sunday in every ...month. Love-feast every two months. All ...are welcome.

...Church.—Rev. Thomas McCandless, Rector. ...Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 ...p. m., except on first Sunday of each month, ...when there are three services, at 10:30 a. m., ...3:30 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at ...2:30 p. m. Sunday school at Keating Summit ...at 3:30 p. m. Services every Wednesday ...evening at 7:30 o'clock.

...Church.—Rev. Thomas McCandless, Rector. ...Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and ...7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. ...Holy communion the first Sunday in every ...month. Lenten services every Friday evening ...at 7:30 o'clock. The Sunday school meets ...at 2:30 p. m.

...Church.—Rev. J. J. Gallagher, pastor. ...Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday ...school at 2:30 p. m. Services on 4th Sunday ...at 3 p. m. Sunday school at Keating Summit ...every Sunday at 3 p. m.

...Church.—Rev. J. G. Hann, pastor. Preach... ...every Sunday morning at 10:30, Sabbath ...school at 12 m., preaching every Sunday ...afternoon at 3 o'clock, and class meeting at close ...of evening services. Prayer meeting Thursday ...evening.

...Church.—Rev. J. G. Hann, pastor. Preach... ...at 2:30 p. m.; class meeting after services; ...weekly method at 1:30 p. m.

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First-class accommodations for the travelling public.

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THE TURKEY'S LAST GOBBLE.

Behold me now.
A Turkey with a big T!
Time, 9 o'clock a. m.
Ay 5 p. m.
What will I be?
A wreck;
A total wreck;
A travesty on animated organism;
A weird, bewildering
Entanglement of bones
And gravy;
A hollow mockery;
With every will of striking
Fervently touched out of it!
A ghost,
Clothed in the
Dusty relics of its living entity!
A ruined destiny
Carved out
To stand a monument
To suggestion!
A gobbler with his gobble
Done to chow
Who gobbled to another boy!
A——
But hold
This is Thanksgiving day!
Raise!

—Washington Post.

THE LOST FOUND.

A THANKSGIVING STORY, BY ANNIE L. WILLS.

(Copyrighted, 1889, by American Press Association.)

B. WILKINS kissed his wife and children, climbed into his sleigh, tucked the old buffalo robe about him, gathered up the reins and drove off. It was a bright November morning, two days before Thanksgiving, for which great occasion he was going to town, twenty miles away, to "do some tradin'."

He told the children, Bob and Elsie, that he would come back with lots of things—peanuts and raisins, and perhaps some oranges, besides other eatables necessary for the Thanksgiving feast.

How the little ones shouted at the mention of oranges, for you must know such dainties seldom fell to their share. Hard work, early and late, on the little farm, only sufficed to keep the family plainly clothed and fed, and they had very few luxuries.

As the sleigh jogged along the man fell to thinking of the dear ones who would watch for his return on the morrow.

"I'll give 'em a good Thanksgivin' if I can," he thought. "There ain't no famine, that deserves it more. Wisht I fly that deserves it more. Wisht I could sell everything I've got with me. Wouldn't I make their eyes open, though! Mebbe I could buy 'em some figs. The Missis I could buy 'em some figs. The children's never seen any. An' I'd get Mirandy an egg beater. She ain't never had none."

The miles to town grew less as the horse went on, and the influence of the brilliant winter day made Mr. Wilkins happy, not so much because he was susceptible to nature's beauty, but because he thought: "If this here weather'll only hold out, I'll be back early ter-morrer."

Mrs. Wilkins spent the day in getting ready for the feast, with such material as she had on hand. She killed the biggest she had on hand. She killed the biggest and plumpest chicken in the yard, Bob looking on delightedly at the operation. Tender hearted Elsie ran into the house and put her fingers in her ears, so that she "could not hear the poor chickie cry," she said. Then there was rye bread to make, and a kind of "plain sweet cake," the best they ever had. There were also dried apples and pumpkin pies to bake, the house to set in order and the children to feed. Nine-year-old Bob and 6-year-old Elsie were eager to "help mother," and while the former fed old Red Top, the rooster, and his family, the little girl trotted around in her coarse brown cloak and blue hood sweeping the doorstep and picking up sticks in the yard for the fire, she said.

So the day wore on, and when the early winter evening closed in upon them, they had their simple supper of bread, milk and milk, and soon the little ones were asleep.

As Mrs. Wilkins sat sewing, she heard the wind rising, and went to the window to look out. The moon was partly covered by threatening clouds. While she stood thus she observed the silver light completely.

"It looks mighty threatenin'," she said to herself. "I should feel real bad if pa couldn't git back for Thanksgivin', for the children has set so much store by what he's goin' to bring 'em. I wouldn't feel right good myself. We've eat our Thanksgivin' dinner together on that day this ten year, an' I've allers been thankful for my man an' children. There ain't many such."

Thus her homely thoughts ran on until the light began to grow dim for the scarcity of oil in the lamp. Then she suggested her task, her laughing Goal for her blessings and asking protection for her husband on his journey and a speedy return on the morrow.

Quiet brooded over the house and its inmates, over the little village near which they lived and over the tavern where the father lay, twenty miles away. But not for long. The rising winds, which had made themselves heard fitfully, now grew furious. They raveled in the open stretch of country around the Wilkins farm, which stood on the edge of the village, and chased each other across meadows whose crusted snow gleamed when the clouds were blown for a moment from the face of the moon. Soon more flakes began to fall, and, what with the wind and the smooth surface of the snow already fallen, were blown and whirled violently about until they threatened to hide some landmarks completely.

Mr. Wilkins' little house came in for a share of the drifts. It was low and white and square. Like many houses in rural New England, its rear door opened into a shed, behind which were the barn and outhouses, so that in case of storms the live stock could be easily reached. The snow played very queer pranks with the house that night. It left the roof almost bare, while it piled a drift in front which hid all but one corner of the window. It drifted against the barn door and hid the shed completely. Fortunately by the well was under the shed roof and the chicken house could be reached without going out.

When Mrs. Wilkins awoke, her first thought was of the night before and her forebodings of a storm. She tried to look out, but the snow covered everything. Much frightened, she climbed to the loft of the one story house. Looking from the window, she perceived that not a person could be seen. The roads were piled with great white drifts, and the only house in sight, also a low one, was partially covered. Over all the sun was shining brightly. She saw at a glance that a sleigh could not get through the roads on that day and possibly not on the next. Then she went down and awoke the children.

"What's the matter, mother?" said Bob.

"Matter enough," replied Mrs. Wilkins. "We are snowed in, and father can't get home today."

At this little Elsie showed signs of crying, and her mother hastened to say, "But we'll have a Thanksgivin' when he does come, Elsie. Pr'aps he'll come to-morrer. See."

She got up, took the child to the window where the world was visible from one of the upper panes, and held her up. "The sun's shinin' as also as can be. That'll melt all the snow soon, and then we'll see father an' old Bess comin' down the road with lots o' good things."

This diverted Elsie, and she chattered gayly while her mother dressed her. Bob meantime climbed up and looked out of the small peep hole left by the snow.

"There ain't any people passing by, mother," he announced.

"No, nor won't be," she replied, "not till the snow's melted pretty considerable."

"What will we have to eat, mother?" he inquired.

"There's plenty o' things in the house," she said. "We shan't starve. Don't yo be afraid o' that, Bob."

After their breakfast of fried pork and johnny cake she went to feed the chickens. The children followed her, for it was "kind o' lonesome," as Bob said. No one passed all day. The sun shone warm and bright, and, though they cut could not perceive it, was doing slowly but surely its good work for them. Bob looked out of the one pane of glass so long that he was tired. And it was no wonder, for he had to stand on tiptoe on the window sill to see out at all.

So the day were on. When the children fretted their good mother talked about what father would bring, and how sure she was that he would come on the next day—the day of their great feast itself. She wasn't at all sure when she first said so, but this was her way of keeping her own hopes up, and she succeeded so well that she almost believed they would see old Bess and the sleigh Thanksgiving morning.

Wednesday had passed slowly to Mr. Wilkins in the dingy little hotel where he was staying. When he started for home early on the following morning the hangers on about the door forboded all sorts of evil results to his "foolhardy notion" of trying to get through such a snow, but he persisted in going.

"Seems as if I must," he told them.

It was hard work—harder than he had expected, but old Bess was a strong horse, and he himself used to rough weather.

Twelve miles were traveled without incident or accident. The rest of the way was lonely enough, some of it entering woods and leading through glens. It was a wild, beautiful drive in summer, but desolate in winter. As Mr. Wilkins drove on, thoughts of an event of which he had heard in town recurred to his mind: "Judge Carter's little girl was lost; missing since Tuesday; servant took her to walk; neither of them seen since; a thousand dollars reward!" These had made little impression on the busy man at the time, but now, in the quiet of that lonely drive, they came back in fragments. He thought of his own little ones and of the awful weather that had prevailed since Tuesday, the day he had left home.

He was startled from his reverie by the sharp barking of a dog. It seemed to come from an old building off from the road, which, situated near a pond, had once been used as an ice house. He listened. Yes, that was the place from which the noise came, and the barking sounded as if something unusual had happened. The ice house was deeply

THE RESCUE.

filled with drifts, which lay thick between it and the road. He couldn't get through easily. It would hinder him in his journey, even perhaps (as subsequent events proved) to the undoing of his errand, to go home that night, he said to himself. So he drove on.

What made him connect that dog's barking with the story of the lost child? He couldn't seem to get rid of that. He stopped, and again measured the distance and the height of the drifts, decided that it wasn't worth while to get through them "just fur a dog," as he tried to make himself believe, and again started.

"What if it was your child?" The thought stung him.

"Well, here goes!" he said, and suited the action to the word by covering his horse with the sleigh robe and striking out for the house. It was a struggle even for the hardy farmer. As he neared the place the barking grew louder. The door on the side toward him was almost covered, so he made for the rear. That had been sheltered from drifts by the building, and a small door was accessible there. As he opened it a handsome Newfoundland dog rushed out, jumping on him and whining for joy. Mr. Wilkins' eyes, dazzled by the snow, could at first see nothing, but the dog pulled him toward the most sheltered corner of the place, where a four-year-old girl lay, white and motionless.

Mr. Wilkins dropped down beside her and felt her hands, head, and finally her heart. The little one was not dead, as he first thought, and his chief care was to revive her. Being utterly exhausted, all he could do at first was to fold her in his arms under his overcoat. Presently he started for the sleigh, followed by the faithful dog whose devotion had perhaps saved the child's life. He was anxious to reach the sleigh, for he had bethought himself of a bottle of milk which his host had put up with a lunch for him. That and the air seemed to revive the child. She clung to him, crying, until the dog poked his nose into her hand as he sat beside them on the sleigh seat. Then she smiled and tried to pat him, calling him "Nelo," her word for "Nero," which was the name on his collar. As soon as she had recovered sufficiently to sit up, Mr. Wilkins drove on towards home, planning to send word by the next person that passed his house bound townward, for he felt sure this was Judge Carter's lost daughter.

His work was not over when he reached home, and saw the little group waiting in the window for him. It was necessary to shovel his way in. His wife threw a rope to him from the loft window, attaching a shovel on the other end so that he could haul it out. When the way was clear he brought the now sleeping child in, and told how he had found her and the story he had heard.

Then what a talking and running to and fro commenced! The baby must be petted and fed and put to sleep, and the handsome dog must receive some attention.

THE REUNION OF HOME.

"Will you tell us your name, dear?" said Mrs. Wilkins to the child, as she took her in her arms.

"Name, Nellie," said she, and, sure enough, her gold pin was so engraved. "Mary," "Ride," "dogger" and "big man," were all she could say plainly about where she had been. Perhaps no one could understand her sweet prattle but her mother. At the thought of that sorrowing woman, Mrs. Wilkins said with tears in her eyes:

"O Samuel, I'm just grieved thinkin' about this baby's mother. When can we send word?"

"Likes not some one'll be goin' to town in the mornin', Mirandy," he replied.

After drinking a cup of tea which his wife had prepared while he worked, Mr. Wilkins started out to get his horse and sleigh under cover. This done, he prepared for a pleasant evening with his family. After the children had asked questions to their heart's content about his adventure, the talk drifted around to themselves.

"We haven't had any Thanksgiving, father," said Elsie, as she sat on his knee.

"I think we have, child," said Mrs. Wilkins. "Isn't it Thanksgivin' enough to see father back safe? That's better than all the dinners we could eat."

"Never mind, Elsie; we'll keep Thanksgivin' to-morrer," said her father. "I don't know 's it makes much difference when we keep it es long es we're thankful enough."

"An' have lots to eat," put in Bob. "What did you bring us, father?"

"You jest wait till morning an' see, Bob," said Mrs. Wilkins.

When morning came they found the oranges and raisins and all the good things, even to the figs, and to tell of what a feast they had, and how jolly they were, and how the little stranger enjoyed it with them, would be a long story.

It was not hard to interest their nearest neighbor in the lost child, and, as he had kept Thanksgiving on the right day, he volunteered to go at once to town. It was found that a servant had gone to walk with little Nellie and Nero, the dog, a little distance up the road, she had said. They had not returned, but the girl was last seen riding with a stranger whose slouched hat prevented his being recognized. Nothing definite was ever found out, but it was conjectured that she, wanting to be rid of the child and dog without going home, had left them in the old ice house, supposing that the dog's barking would attract attention from passers-by.

The grateful parents insisted on doubling the reward when they learned how much Mr. Wilkins had done to find little Nellie. The sum seemed like a fortune to the poor farmer. He bought more land with it, and very good land it proved to be, so good that it made life less hard for the Wilkins family. Little luxuries, hitherto unknown, became possible, and there never was a time when, from a pecuniary as well as a moral point of view, Mr. Wilkins was not glad he had fought his way through the drifts into the icehouse at the call of the dog and so saved the little one that was lost.

MELEAGRIS GALLOPAVO.

Which is the "Botanical Name" of the Patriotic Thanksgiving Bird.

If the fathers of the republic had been granted the right and power to create a truly patriotic and native American bird especially for Thanksgiving, and exactly suited for it, they could not possibly have done better than nature had already done. The turkey fills the bill. He is toothsome, he is gamey, he is wholesome, nourishing, and does not cloy. He is at the right season, "comes in" just born at the right season, "comes in" just as the right thing, is better by nature than by cultivation, and he is exclusively American. No other land has such a fowl. He is not only American, he is pan-American—that is, pan-North American. From the woods of the upper Saguenay to the forests of Florida, to speak scientifically, meleagris gallopavo is indigenous—in other words, the wild turkey was found native to the woods.

His intellect also is peculiarly American. He is a wily bird and does not give himself away without sufficient cause. He is ardent in love and savage in war, like other Americans. Like them, too, his ardor has often been the death of him; for it is only by "calling" —that is, imitating the voice of his mate —that the hunter can lure the wild turkey towards him. The practice was condemned by true sportsmen, for it was only practicable during the season when the turkey is not at his best. It is a curious fact, and known to but few in these wild turkeyless times, that the bird himself furnished the bone which served to call him to destruction. A single bone, about as long as one's forefinger, in each male turkey is hollow and of just the right shape for piping. With a little practice any one with an average ear can eject the breath through it in a way to make an exact imitation of the female turkey's love notes. At any rate, it is exact enough to deceive the male.

Dr. Franklin may have been joking when he suggested the turkey as the emblem of the United States instead of the eagle, but his suggestion had much to support it. The bird, as aforesaid, is native, exclusively American, wily and warlike. He is also in his native state a traveler and explorer. To the ordinary rivers the wild turkey paid little heed. The St. Lawrence and the Mississippi often baffled him, for it is rare, indeed, for a wild turkey to fly a mile. Even at his best estate he relies more on running than flying. From marked and tagged specimens turned loose after capture it has been shown that the turkey travels far. The great plains of the west barred his progress, however, as he insists on an abundance of clean running water.

Meleagris gallopavo is gone, practically extinct in most of the country, but he is tolerably well represented by Meleagris Americana—the common farmyard fowl—and in Europe the descendants of those turkeys which William Strickland, lieutenant to Sebastian Cabot, carried to England, are numbered by millions and are classified in several species and varieties. From the cradle to the grave the domestic turkey is interesting. First are the delicately tinted and lovely speckled eggs, and in caring for them the female almost resumes her wild nature. She conceals her nest with rare talent, rarely approaches it twice by the same route, and always makes a wide circuit in leaving it for the barnyard, coming in from some other direction with an innocent air that is amusing. The young are almost as tender as babies; if in in August that the growing bird begins to show what is in him. As the fruitful autumn advances he takes on the high and glossy shades of adult life, and in November is in just the right stage to be sacrificed, and most generally is. Peace to his hashes!

Thanksgiving Thoughts.

Be thankful that no speculator has thought to corner the cranberry crop or the turkey product of the land.

Rejoice that the spirit of progress that sneers at the doings of our fathers has not yet been able to affect the mince pie of our mothers.—Harper's Bazar.

Had Been Fired.

Said the turkey in the oven,
As the heat began to burn:
"Yes, I've severed my connection
With the head of my concern."

ITCH, Mange, and Scratches on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong druggist, Smethport. 26.42-1y

THANKSGIVING PIE.

E. JENKINS used to mention to his dear, devoted mate
How the pie his mother made him was the best he ever ate,
And as how, at any Thanksgiving, in the merry days gone by,

The delight of his young bosom was his mother's luscious pie.

Mrs. Jinkins tried to please him, and all sorts of pains did take,
But her pie was not as tempting as his mother used to make,

And he only mimed and nibbled, while in vain his wife did try
To concoct as good a pastry as his mother's famous pie.

Just to eat a piece of pie with all the long remembered charm,
He returned, one bright Thanksgiving, to the old New England farm,

And his heart was filled with rapture, and his spirits mounted high
As he puckered up his visage for his boyhood's famous pie.

But he found himself unable his Thanksgiving to enjoy
With the same decided relish that he used to when a boy,

And he left the feast half eaten, and admitted, with a sigh,
That the change was in his appetite and wasn't in the pie.

He discovered that the pleasure of the great Thanksgiving fete
Didn't hinge, the way it used to, upon the things he ate,
And he couldn't leave the table with the same contented sigh
With his spirit full of rapture and his stomach full of pie.

J. B. SMILEY.

Feeling Bad.

As on the table in pieces it lay,
Said the pumpkin pie, "My cup
Is about as full as can be today—
In fact, I am all cut up."

Adapted to Thanksgiving.

At midnight in his fastened coop
The Turk was dreaming of the min'ts
Of joy at festal board where he'd
He'd be there, but not be in it.

Thanksgiving comes to-row; a bounteous year;
Let's eat our fill of turkey while it's here.

Thanksgiving at a Colored Boarding House.

Mr. Newsome (the carver)—Miss Clufley, would you hab some ob de fowl?

Miss Clufley (thickly, as the bird slides off the dish)—Thanks, Mistah Newsome, but I'd rudder hab ar little at ar time.—Texas Siftings.

A Natural Presumption.

"Great heavens!" said the barnyard rooster, as he watched the feeble fluttering of a poor turkey, after the ax came down, "I wonder what the matter is with his nibs, the gobbler?"

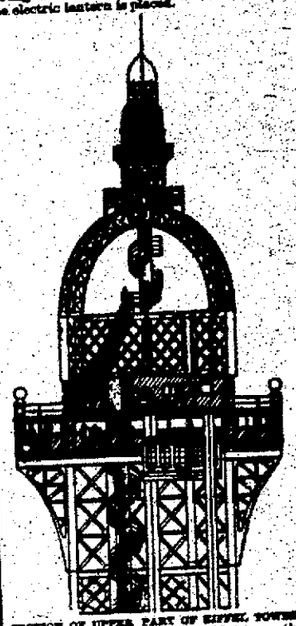
"Well, judging from his actions," replied a facetious little bantam, "I should say that he had lost his head."

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

A HALF HOUR'S PLEASANT READING FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

A Sketch of the Section of the Upper Part of the Eight Tower—How the Gentle Pigeons Are Made Use of in the Trade Art of War.

In the spirited sketch presented herewith is shown the section of the upper portion of the great Eiffel tower, about which so much has been written and said in connection with the Paris exposition. To those who have made the ascent of this tower the next moment the picture will be familiar, and to others who have not been to the World's show it will give some idea of the interior aspect of the tower and the manner in which the motley throng arrived at the very top of it, where the electric lantern is placed.



SECTION OF UPPER PART OF EIFFEL TOWER.

The cut depicts the staircase between the second and third platforms, and by the side of it the cage of the elevator. Above the third platform is a cabin reserved for M. Eiffel, the originator of the tower, and from thence a spiral staircase, continued by ladders, leads to the lantern of the tower.

Pigeon Service in Time of War.

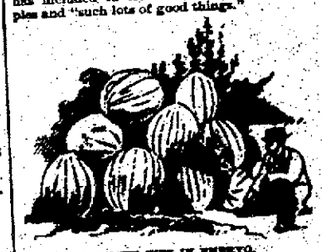
When we hear the soft cooing of the pigeons in our quiet summer woods, or watch our tame birds as they bow and strut and woo themselves below their dovecote, it seems quite impossible that creatures of that gentle race can ever be associated with and made use of in the rude science of war. But, impossible as it may seem, it is a fact, and an English writer tells that at the present time there is a most systematic pigeon service carried on for the transmission of military dispatches by the Italian troops in Abyssinia. A military dovecote has been established at Massowa, whence pigeons are supplied for the use of patrols.

Each detachment sent out to reconnoiter carries a light basket containing several pigeons, and one of the party carries the needful supply of grain and water for their use.

As most messages of the kind are considered to be of a confidential nature, they are inclosed in a quill and sealed; but more frequently they are simply written on a page torn from a pocketbook and tied to a tail feather. Private messages are conveyed by the use of colored marks, a rough-and-ready sort of cipher. In the case of sudden attacks when there is no time to write, several pigeons are set free, each having been deprived of one or more tail feathers. When the birds reach their dovecote they have to enter through a sort of cage, which detains them, and acts as electric bell ringing, so as to give notice to the sergeant of the guard, who takes the dispatches and forwards them to headquarters at Sadi.

Thanksgiving Day.

Even the most youthful of our readers does not require to have explained the festival of Thanksgiving, that comes on its yearly round every November. From time out of date, the feast spread on Thanksgiving day has included in its menu turkey, pumpkin pies and "such lots of good things."



PUMPKIN PIES IN EMBRYO.

In the annexed cut appears the fac-simile of a photograph, all the way from Nebraska, of a dozen or more of the finest pumpkins that ever gladdened hearts on Thanksgiving day. St. Nicholas, to whom this photograph was sent, thinks that the pumpkins speak for themselves. One of them (probably the finest specimen in the lower left hand corner) measured, it is told, exactly eight feet in circumference—that is, it would take a string eight feet long to go around it. Well, well! Thousands of you might have been supplied with pies, this month, from this one Nebraska field alone!

Before turning to another subject, let us thank the cheery looking Nebraskan, in the corner, for giving us an opportunity to compare the relative sizes of vegetable and man.

What I Would Be.

If I were a rose
On the garden wall,
I'd look so fair,
And grow so tall;
I'd scatter perfume for all who,
Of all the flowers I'd be the pride,
That's what I'd do
If I were you,
O little rose!

Fair little maid,
If I were you,
I should always try
To be good and true.
I'd be the merriest, sweetest child,
On whom the sunshine ever smiled.
That's what I'd do
If I were you,
Dear little maid!

An Old Fashioned Thanksgiving Dinner.

SOUP.
Pot-au-feu.
BOILED.
Beef, Tomato Sauce.
Boiled Corn. Boiled Potatoes.
ROAST.
Turkey, Cranberry Sauce.
Lettuce Salad.
DESSERT.
Old Fashioned Bread Pudding.
Mixed Fruit.

Of Course Not—Was.

First Boarding House Turkey—How are you feeling?

Second Boarding House Turkey—Tough.

At the Thanksgiving Dinner.

"Well, well," said Master Turk, as he
Loosened up in the repast,
"It may be right, but cruel is me
I'm losing flesh too fast."

THE unanimous consent consent and verdict of the people through this section of the country is that Dennis' Botanic Remedies are first-class. Everybody try them. If not satisfactory money refunded. Try the Liver Pills for Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick headache. They are sure cure. G. T. DENNIS. By H. L. McCOY, M. D.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION,

Payable IN ADVANCE, one year $1.00; six months, 50cts.; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion, and $1 00 each week for every subsequent insertion.

Legal advertisements 7½ cents per line for each insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application. Executors' and administrators' notices $1.50 each for six insertions.

Professional cards, not exceeding one inch $5, by the year.

Obituary notices over 10 lines, ten cents per line. Also for announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be charged.

All communications should be addressed to

E. MINER,
Editor and Proprietor

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1889.

Ex-Recorder Gen. C. Bowen of Wellsboro was arrested a couple weeks ago in Philadelphia for embezzlement of $4000 of State funds—probably money collected by him while Recorder of Tioga county. He is now under bail for appearance at the November term of court in that county

Col. J. A. Roe has received the appointment of coin-weighing to the position of weigher in the Mint at Philadelphia. The *Press* says it is a minor place and the *Bradford Star* claims it is about on a par with a janitor The appointment is not a creditable one to the Government no matter how inferior it is.

Potter County Republicans got banner No. 1 this year. Well they are entitled to it, as the calculation shows that the vote of that county was out better than any county in the State. Just think of it, McKean County, with double the population, has only 150 more voters to the polls on Nov. 5th than Potter. Westmoreland Republicans get the other banner

"I have often seen the knife with which Col. Swope was killed by Col. Goodloe," said a friend of the latter today. "It is a clasp knife with a pointed blade about four inches long, and with a spring which holds the blade back when once opened. Col. Goodloe has always carried this knife, and he carried it as a weapon. It was the only weapon he did carry I never knew a Clay who did not carry a clasp knife. Henry Clay carried one, and all the Clays who have come after him carried the same sort of a knife It is a traditional weapon of the Clay family."—*New York Sun.*

A great many people in Pennsylvania will be glad to know that there is a strong probability of Gen Silas M. Bailey, former State Treasurer, being elected to the position of Sergeant at Arms of the United States Senate. Gen. Bailey was robbed of a large amount of money when the Exchange bank of Bradford "went up the spout," in fact he was financially ruined by that concern. Therefore the people of McKean county would be glad to know of his getting a good paying position, although there is not a person in the county to day who had anything whatever to do with the rot his concern in which he lost his money.

The Brazilian premise is a chime of the past. A republican form of government is firmly established in that great country which will hereafter be known as the United States of Brazil This transformation from an empire to a republic, which was accomplished without the firing of a gun or the spilling of a drop of blood, is one of the most remarkable events in the history of civil government. Dom Pedro, the humane ruler of that wonderful country for more than half a century, is now on his way to Portugal with his family, a provisional government is established and a Congress, composed of representatives from the several provinces, will soon be convened to organize a permanent government.

Some of our home friends thought we did injustice to Hagerty of Kane way a few weeks ago when we referred to his being laid out in his efforts to control the party organization of this county. We know something of this man's career that perhaps our friends at Kane don't know, which sometime in the future we may publish Just now we desire to call their attention to his apostasy to the Republican party by whom Jim Hagerty is not at the helm Read the following from the last Ridgway *Advocate*

Last year the Republicans who were defeated in convention pulled their coats and worked day and night for the ticket. This year the shoe was on the other foot. Hagerty and his followers were defeated in the convention, and what did they do? They did all they could to defeat the ticket. This shows the quality of their Republicanism Great Scott! Just think of it' Hagerty, who had posed for twenty years as the head and chonchos of the Republican party in this county, working with all his might for the Democratic ticket. Where is all the gentleman's boasted loyalty? He is a rats or rats pot Cuban, and his Republicanism is 'for revenue only'

Hon. S. L. Keenan, of Smethport, is rustling as of country as ever, came over from the county seat to-day. He is one of the leading lawyers of the county and was a few years ago a prominent Democratic leader. He is a faithful and honest follower of Randall and since the free trade secession in the party he has let that wing of the party drive the ship upon the rocks. He is still a good Democrat and a pleasant gentleman to meet.—*Star of the 16th.*

If voting the straight Republican ticket for the past two years makes a good Democrat, then Mr Keenan may be considered one He has always been a Protectionist and ever since the Cleveland free trade manifesto, and the tendency of the Democratic party to adopt free trade as a political issue, he has been drifting farther and farther away from that party. He has represented the democracy in State and National Conventions, has been its candidate for Congress and Judge of the Courts in this district and no man in this county knows the tendency of the party better than he. His defection from the Democratic party is one of the most notable which has occurred in this section of the State for years. He has not made any noise about his political position, yet we think we are justified in saying that he is to-day as earnest a Republican as there is in McKean county.

A REMARKABLE SHOWING.

An examination of the official table of the vote cast for State Treasurer in Pennsylvania at the late election, together with that of 1887, makes some queer revelations. Mr. Boyer's vote in the State this year is 281,244. Mr. McGrann's vote, the Democratic candidate in 1887, was 249,350, only 575 votes less than Mr. Boyer's this year. There were 8,900 votes cast for the Labor candidate two years ago and none this year, and it is safe to calculate that at least two thirds of that vote, if at the polls, was cast for Mr. Bigler this year Therefore it is a fair conclusion, that if the Democratic vote had been brought out this year to the extent that it was two years ago Mr Boyer would have been defeated On the other hand Capt. Hart's vote, who was the Republican candidate two years ago was 285,514 over 105,000 greater than Mr Bigler's this year and over 15,000 greater than Mr McGrann's, his competitor that year It is astonishing why there should be such a discrepancy in the vote of two years. There must be from twenty five to fifty thousand more voters in the State this year than there were two years ago, 1887 was an off year as well as 1889, as great effort was made to get the vote out this year as was made in 1887, just as popular candidates were running this year as then, and yet there were 100,172 less votes polled this year than two years ago. Will some astute political statistician show why this great discrepancy occurred.

Another extraordinary revelation in the late election is shown in the Philadelphia vote as compared with that of 1887. Mr. Boyer received 81,630 to Capt. Hart's 86,872 votes two years ago. Mr Bigler received 42,707 votes to that of 72,320 for Mr McGrann 2 years ago. While the vote of Capt. Hart in 1887 is only 2,233 greater than that of Mr. Boyer, the vote of Mr McGrann in 1887 is 29,613 greater than that of Mr Bigler this year. The Democrats of the State claim that the basest of treachery was practiced in Philadelphia towards Mr. Bigler in the late election and the figures indicate that they have strong grounds upon which to base such a claim

PENNSYLVANIA MEMORIAL HOME.

At the Department Convention, held in Erie, last February, a resolution was presented to the convention, that the Womans' Relief Corps of Pennsylvania endeavor to establish a "home for indigent soldiers and their wives, widows of soldiers, army nurses and orphan children" It was carried unanimously, and presented to the Encampment, then in session, by Annie Wittenmeyer, with the request that a committee be appointed from the Grand Army, by the Department Commander, at an early date, to confer with a like committee from the Womans' Relief Corps. Commander Stewart faithfully discharged the duty, appointing a most excellent committee

Several meetings of these committees have been held, with the following results,

The name of this institution shall be "Pennsylvania's Memorial Home"

Officers elected are

President—Hon. A F Thompson, Lykens

Vice Presidents—Annie Wittenmeyer, Atlantic; Hon. Chas. H. Mickley, Harrisburg

Secretary—Mrs. Emma Culbertson, Harrisburg

Treasurer—T S Johnston, Huntingdon,

Assistant Secretary—Abbie Lynch

Board of Directors—A F Thompson, Capt. Geo C. Dyer, Maj. Jas. T McKenna, Maj. Gen. N. Bell, Annie Wittenmeyer, Abbie Lynch, Senator M Keaffer, Hiram A Morrison and S M. Leonard.

The site selected for the home is the property known as Longview, located on the Low Grade Division of the Allegany Valley Railroad, at Brookville

The following description of the property is furnished us by Mrs. Morrison

"The building is a three story brick, surrounded by a beautiful lawn, containing fountains, ornamental trees and shrubbery of all kinds. It is handsomely furnished, containing all the modern comforts, such as gas, water and electric bells There are six acres of land connected with the building, and thirty acres located conveniently near. The cost of the premises is $30,000, the citizens of Brookville making the first payment of $5,000 Terms of payment will be made to suit the board of directors

"We believe that nowhere in Pennsylvania could a more beautiful spot have been chosen for this charitable institution. And with the brave hands and true hearts of the Woman's Relief Corps, it must prove a success, standing among the grand old hills of Jefferson county as a monument to the perseverance and fidelity of the Woman's Relief Corps.

"May every loyal woman in Pennsylvania assist us in making Memorial Home a welcome refuge to many a poor veteran and his wife, wearied with the battle of life May we be enabled to make their last days peaceful, happy days, comforted with the thought that their loved ones will be cared for when they are no longer able to care for them."

THANKSGIVING.

The following proclamation was issued by President Harrison November 1st. Since then Gov. Beaver has also designated November 28th as Thanksgiving Day for Pennsylvania.

BY THE PRESIDENT—A PROCLAMATION.

A kindly-favored people, mindful of their dependence on the bounty of Divine Providence, should seek fitting occasion to testify gratitude and ascribe praises to Him who is the author of their many blessings and the tenderness He shows to those who put their trust in Him. Following such a precedent as the first President of the United States set in the first year of the new government, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States of America, do earnestly recommend that Thursday, the twenty-eighth day of the present month of November, be observed as a day of National Thanksgiving and prayer, and that the people of our country, ceasing from the cares and labors of their ordinary pursuits, shall reassemble in their several places of worship and give thanks to God, who has prospered us on our way and made our path like paths of peace; beseeching Him so bless this day to our greatest and future good, making it truly one of thanksgiving for each re-united home circle as for the Nation at large.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 1st day of November, in the year of our Lord two thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and fourteenth.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

By the President,
JAMES G. BLAINE,
Secretary of State.

Hon. Lewis C. Cassidy, one of the great lawyers and foremost men of Philadelphia, who was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1873 and attorney General under Gov. Pattison, died suddenly at his home in Philadelphia on Monday last aged 70 years.

The famous pipe line suit of Boyle vs. Smithman was decided in favor of the defendant, at Butler on the 17th. Boyle wanted to compel Smithman to publish reports of his pipe line.

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR STATE TREASURER.

Following is the official vote by counties of the principal candidates for State Treasurer, filed in the State Department at Harrisburg, as cast Nov. 5th, with the vote for State Treasurer in 1887. This year Johnston, the Prohibition candidate for State Treasurer received 22,401 votes to 13,471 votes for Irish, the prohibition candidate in 1887. Kennedy, the Greenback candidate in 1887, received 8,900 votes. There was no Greenback or Labor candidate voted for this year.

Counties	Vote for State Treasurer, 1887		Vote for State Treasurer, 1889.	
	Robert E. Pattison	Wm. McGrann	Geo. W. Boyer	Robert E. Bigler
Adams	3797	3209	3800	3145
Allegheny	29335	29030	29007	29140
Armstrong	4073	3284	4139	3268
Beaver	4752	4253	4851	4128
Bedford	3860	4031	3793	4023
Berks	6511	11788	6316	11851
Blair	4171	3140	4183	3022
Bradford	6935	5956	6915	5956
Bucks	7965	7472	7814	7472
Butler	4598	3750	4576	3750
Cambria	3543	2139	3575	2139
Cameron	252	144	193	144
Carbon	1620	2136	1537	2140
Centre	3719	3793	3754	3793
Chester	9154	10982	9109	10982
Clarion	3977	3096	4026	3096
Clearfield	3843	4110	3777	4110
Clinton	2154	2153	2155	2153
Columbia	2351	2765	2197	2765
Crawford	7214	6734	6712	6734
Cumberland	3749	4634	3736	4634
Dauphin	7437	8777	8170	8777
Delaware	5253	5793	5256	5793
Elk	1955	1825	1970	1825
Erie	6251	6170	6291	6170
Fayette	6795	5467	6953	5467
Forest	713	424	705	424
Franklin	4491	4259	4365	4259
Fulton	527	1044	524	1044
Greene	2915	3083	2883	3083
Huntingdon	3396	1382	3345	1382
Indiana	4373	3910	4371	3910
Jefferson	2533	2805	2581	2805
Juniata	1183	1255	973	1255
Lackawanna	7888	6524	8100	6524
Lancaster	14297	17764	14297	17764
Lawrence	3125	1825	3238	1825
Lebanon	3233	3966	3230	3966
Lehigh	5977	6973	5918	6973
Luzerne	6382	17254	6382	17254
Lycoming	4256	4015	4212	4015
McKean	2797	1389	2691	1389
Mercer	6307	5783	6307	5783
Mifflin	1766	1275	1765	1275
Monroe	2459	2037	2459	2037
Montgomery	11137	10393	10937	10393
Montour	1258	1258	1258	1258
Northampton	5093	6260	5093	6260
Northumberland	3284	3284	3284	3284
Perry	2722	2262	2722	2262
Philadelphia	86872	72320	81630	42707
Pike	305	984	304	984
Potter	2541	1100	2391	1100
Schuylkill	10700	14	10700	14
Snyder	2548	1221	2548	1221
Somerset	3547	1574	3547	1574
Sullivan	577	406	577	406
Susquehanna	3811	3679	3811	3679
Tioga	4883	3972	4829	3972
Union	1740	1015	1740	1015
Venango	3263	3267	3263	3267
Warren	2363	2070	2793	2070
Washington	6286	4154	6423	4154
Wayne	1252	1251	1251	1251
Westmoreland	7691	7721	8454	7721
Wyoming	1150	1454	1760	1454
York	6779	5074	6555	5074
Total	285818	249350	281244	249350
	249350		249350	
Plurality	41243		31894	

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF FIERI FACIAS, Levari Facias and Alias Venditioni Exponas, and Fieri Facias, Charles Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose at public sale in the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1889, AT 1 P M.,

the following several pieces of property

1

Defendant's interest in all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the township of Hamlin, county of McKean and state of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Being number twenty (20) in warrantee name of one thousand five hundred and fifty six and two thousandths hundred and sixty-four (1556.264) containing in all two hundred (200) acres of land, be the same more or less and being the same land deeded to Theodore E. Wilcox by Zachariah Hawkins by deed dated May 28th, 1870, and recorded in McKean county, in deed book "I," page 87, etc, and by Theodore E. Wilcox and Cynthia E. his wife, to John Kelly, by deed dated Aug. 10th, 1871, and recorded in McKean county, in deed book "I," page 141, etc, and by John Kelly and Sybil W. his wife, to Charles Nelson by deed dated May 18th, 1877, and recorded in McKean county, in deed book "K," page 433, etc. Excepting and reserving from the above, however, the west one-half of the lot above described, and containing one hundred (100) acres of land, more or less, deeded by C W Hamlin Fields by Chas Nelson and Electa, his wife, by deed dated March 14th, 1885, and recorded in McKean county, in deed book "Y," page 141, etc. Improved and having thereon one and one-half story board dwelling house with out house, one board shed used as a barn, about 20 young apple trees, about one acre improved and well watered.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Charles Nelson, at the suit of M. J. Gallup.

2

Defendant's interest in the following described real estate, lying and being in the township of Liberty, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, more particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone, the estate stands up Littlebridge creek in said township, county and state, bounded on the west by lands owned by E. B Bolley and lands in the lower part of lot No. 3, on the south by lands owned by M A Littlebridge and C. A Bolley, A. R Bolley and F M Arnold, on the east by lands owned by Lowell L. Littlebridge, or lot known as the Shands lot, and on the north by the public highway leading up said creek, containing sixty acres, the same more or less, being described being the only land not deeded to the rest of the heirs of the late E E Shaw, or deceased. Improved and having thereon one large two story dwelling house and one large barn, about one acre orchard, fruit bushes &c., and well watered.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Irwin Stone at the suit of E C Gallup.

Apple & Boston, Pff's Attys

3

Defendants' interest in all the following described pieces, parcels or tracts of land situate, lying and being in the township of Annin, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post standing north thirty-three degrees, east one hundred and seven (107) perches from the north east corner of land sold by Isaac Hall to Samuel Hall, and by William Sisser, and being lot No 26 of the heretofore allotment of lands in Annin township, thence south fifty seven (57) degrees, west one hundred and seven (107) perches to a post corner; thence north thirty-three (33) degrees, west eighty (80) perches to a post corner; thence south fifty-seven degrees, west fourteen and eight-tenths perches to a post corner; thence south thirty-three (33) degrees, east twenty-four (24) perches to a post corner, thence south eighty degrees, east 8.6 perches to a post corner, thence north thirty-seven (37) degrees, east twenty-four and one-tenth (24.1) perches to a post corner in the south side of lands of the Western New York and Pennsylvania Railroad Co.; thence by same north forty-two (42) degrees, west three and nine-tenths (3.9) perches, thence south forty-eight (48) degrees, west one and two-tenths (1.2) perches to a post corner, thence north forty-two degrees, west by south line of lands of said railway company sixteen and eight-tenths (16.8) perches to a post corner, thence south forty-seven degrees, west one hundred and seven (107) perches to the place of beginning, containing about one-fourth an acre, more or less, being part of said lot No. 26 and being part of same land conveyed by Samuel Lockwood to Wm. Sisser by deed dated March 31st, 1848, and recorded in McKean county in deed book "S," page 41, etc. Improved.

Also—The "island" lying west of the store described land and on the canal for the purpose as to which is erected a sawmill with the appurtenances known as the mooney & Dunbar mill, together with all the water privileges to said mill, also the right to dam and feed the water as conveyed by Converse Grover to Daniel Baldwin and William Sisser by deed bearing date June 6th, 1850, and recorded in said county in deed book "B," page 98, etc, for the recording of miscellaneous grants in said county, granting and conveying all the rights and franchises and easements granted in a deed from Daniel Baldwin and wife to Peter H. Mooney et al, by deed dated Feby 2nd, 1881 and recorded in McKean county in deed book "S," page 500, etc, and the parcel of land lying between said mill and the canal and the parcel of land on which the Jos Brush mill stands and known as the Jos Brush mill lands and being the same land conveyed by Jos Brush and wife to Peter H. Mooney et al, by deed dated March 15, 1881, in deed book "S," page 500, etc. Improved and having thereon one large two-story frame hotel building, known as the "Buckhail House," with two-story opera house attached

Also—Commencing at the centre of the public highway at a point in the west line of the W. N. Y. & P. R. R. Co. lands, said highway being the centre of the road leading from said road to a point near the homestead of William Sisser and connecting with the public highway leading from Port Allegany to Smethport, at the heretofore described lot of land to Annin heretofore conveyed to Jno C. Backus by the administrators of the estate of Colgan Irons, deceased, by deed recorded in McKean county in deed book vol. "L," page 27, etc. Improved and having thereon one large three story and basement frame building designed for a hotel, one one and one-half story board dwelling house, two one story board dwelling houses, one large frame barn, two board barns, one small board stable and all out buildings and about 25 acres improved.

Also—All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Keating, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the N. E. corner of lot 118 of the allotment of the lands of the Bingham estate in Keating township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, conveyed to Andrew C. Hull and Alpha Morse, thence along the north line of said lot north 85½ degrees west 160 perches, thence along the east lands of the Bingham estate north 5¾ degrees, east 91 3-10 perches south 87½ degrees, east 249 perches to a stone, and south 3¾ degrees west 97 3-10 perches and thence along line of lot No. 119 conveyed to Gideon Irons north 87½ degrees west 101 perches and south 2¾ degrees, west to the place of beginning and containing 160 3-10 acres strict measure more or less and being the same land conveyed to H. L. Ormsby and A. H Newton by Peter H. Mooney by deed dated April 15th, 1888, and recorded in deed book vol. "O" page 511, &c., and being lot No. 201 of the allotment of the Bingham land in Keating township and part of warrant No. 2219. Improved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of H. L. Ormsby, A. H Newton and the suit of W. F. Ormsby now use of J. W. Leasure

W. B. & J. B. Chapman, plaintiff's attorneys.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Smethport, Pa., Nov 21, 1889.

1890.

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S BAZAR is a journal for the home, giving the latest information with regard to the Fashions, in numerous illustrations, fashion plates, and pattern-sheet supplements are furnished which in the hands of a dressmaker and the professional modiste. No expense is spared in making its artistic attractiveness of the highest order. Its newspaper literature, poetry, short plays, and thoughtful essays satisfy all tastes, and its last page is famous as a budget of wit and humor. In its weekly issues everything is included which is of interest to women Among HER Oliver Optic Miller, Christine Terhune Herrick, and Mary Lowe Dickinson will respectively furnish a series of papers on "The Log Cabin to the White House," "Three Girls," and "The Woman of the Period." The serial novels will be written by Walter Besant and P. W Robinson.

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[illegible] found on its very face. If you think as our business or our goods, we will not waste time. We have an article that every man, woman and child needs and appreciate. Every household paper and every body else will buy it. It pays agents immense profits and gives immense satisfaction. We want 1 AGENT in each county, sole or female. If you like this paper and you will get circulars and full information FREE. Samples sent if requested. Address

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FURNITURE.

Talk is cheap, but Sound Business Principles always pays in the long run. To the people of Smethport and the country surrounding, we have a few words to say.

First—we keep the finest and best quality as well as the cheapest goods in the furniture line, to be found in any establishment.

Second—We sell our goods at a living profit, and don't pretend to sell at less than what they cost.

Third—If we have not the goods wanted we will procure them at prices to suit purchasers.

We claim that no purchaser wants shoddy furniture palmed off onto them for first-class goods, and an experience of 27 years in the business convinces us that success always attends

SQUARE DEALING.

We sell a handsomer and better made bedroom set of Antique Oak furniture for $25 than was brought into this country from Buffalo during the past year for which $30 was paid,

We sell beautiful parlor sets and lounges at ten per cent. less than it will cost you to ship them in from Buffalo or Rochester.

Don't purchase until you look over our goods and prices.

SPECHT & SASSE.

Trial List.

For Fourth Monday or November, A. D. 1889.

1 J. D. Phillips vs J. W Beacom. No. 241, Tay term, 1889. Feigned issue. Plea filed.

2 C. H. George vs H. M. Black and A. J Markley. No. 14, September term, 1889. Appeal.

3. The township of Foster vs A. P. Sprague, A I Bishop. No. 237, February term, 1884. Appeal from Auditor's Report. Plea Non-Assumpsit, payment with leave to give special matter, &c.

4. C. L. Redfern vs J J Newman. No 243, May term, 1884. Trespass. Plea—Not guilty.

5 People's Savings Institution of Erie, Co., Penn'a vs J. M Tait. No. 169, December term, 1884. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-Assumpsit, payment set off with leave to add or amend at bar.

6. Thomas Blakesley vs G. N Grow, No. 107, December Term, 1883. Ejectment. Plea—Not guilty.

7 J T Johnson vs F. W. Andrews. No 270, October term, 1887 Assumpsit. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

8. C. C. McIlvin and Peter T. Kennedy vs The Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway Co. No. 229, October term, 1887. Trespass. Plea filed.

9. A. E Logan, Lewis Emery, Jr., and W S. Weaver, partners under the firm name of Logan, Emery and Weaver, vs Pennsylvania Railroad Company. No. 152, December term, 1887. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-Assumpsit, payment and statute of limitation.

10. William Bomer vs John W. Brennan. No. 117, February term, 1888. Trespass. Plea—Not guilty.

11. Eugene Mullin and J. M. McClure, partners as Mullin & McClure, vs W. N. George. No. 73, May term, 1888. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-Assumpsit

12. James Halpin vs The New York, Lake Erie & Western Railroad Co. No. 153, May term, 1888. Trespass. Plea—Not guilty.

13. T J. Wilson vs J. A. Waldo. No 167, May term, 1888. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-Assumpsit. act of payment with leave &c.

14. Mary L. Titus vs The Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua Railroad Co. No. 9, December term, 1888. Trespass. Plea—Not guilty.

15. F. W. Knox vs The New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad Co. No. 9, December term, 1888. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

16. J B Rutting vs John Ousot No 107, February term, 1889. Assumpsit.

17 Joseph Bacher vs Elva S Walker. No. 3, October term, 1889 Appeal Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

18. C S Turner vs E. R. Sherman. No. 6, October term, 1889 Appeal. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

19. Alison Woodworth vs John Gridley and Wallace Gridley, doing business under the firm name of J. Gridley & Son. No. 13, October term, 1889. Appeal. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

20 David Bovlard and J L. Soyfang, doing business as Bovlard & Soyfang, vs C. L. Douglass. No. 59, October term, 1889. Trespass. Plea—Not guilty.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No 138, May Term, 1889.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the sheriff of said county, greeting

We command you that you make known unto Mary Fairchilds, late of Hamlin township, in the county of McKean, Pa., if she be found in your bailiwick, that a petition was presented to the Judges of our Court of Common Pleas of said county, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1889, praying for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony contracted between her and the said Crowell H. Fairchilds, and that process may be awarded to her, the said Mary Fairchilds, returnable to the next term of our said Court of Common Pleas, to be held at Smethport, in and for the county of McKean, on the first Monday of December next, to answer the petition or libel of the said Crowell H. Fairchilds, and show cause, if any they have, why the said Mary Fairchilds, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. W. B CLARKE, Sheriff.

G. E. McClintock, Libellant's Attorney.

Nov 14, 1889.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 61, February Term, 1889.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania, to the sheriff of said county, greeting.

Whereas, Libellant Shelton by her next friend M Simmons, did, on the twenty-ninth day of December, 1885, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said county, setting forth and showing unto our said Judges that she was lawfully married to the said Shelton on the 25th day of December, 1884, and that they lived and cohabited together as husband and wife for about two months, when the said Shelton deserted her, and that he has ever since refused to live with her, and that he has been guilty of adultery, and that he is now living in adultery with one Mary Ann Bowen, and praying that a divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between them may be decreed, as in and by the said petition more fully appears.

We therefore command you, the said Shelton, that you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the 2d Monday of December next to answer the said petition, and show cause, if any you have, why the said Shelton should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

A true copy. W. B CLARKE, Sheriff.

Wm. Simmons, Libellant's Attorney.

Nov. 14, 1889.

Notice in Divorce.

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A true copy. W. B CLARKE, Sheriff.

G. E. McClintock, Libellant's Attorney.

Nov. 14, 1889.

Notice in Divorce.

A. D. No. 22, May Term, 1889.

McKEAN COUNTY, ss.—THE COMMONwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county, greeting:

Whereas, Mary Fairchilds, by her next friend T G. Clark, did, on the twenty-third day of April, 1889, prefer her petition to our said Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of said County, setting forth and showing unto our said Judges that she was lawfully married to the said Crowell H Fairchilds on the 21st day of December, 1882, and that they lived and cohabited together as husband and wife for about two months, when the said Crowell H. Fairchilds deserted her, and that he has ever since refused to live with her, and that he has been guilty of adultery, and that he is now living in adultery with one Mary Lowe Dickinson, and praying that a divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between them may be decreed, as in and by the said petition more fully appears.

We therefore command you, the said Crowell H. Fairchilds, that you be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Smethport, at a Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the County of McKean, on the 2d Monday of December next to answer the petition or libel of the said Mary Fairchilds, and show cause, if any you have, why the said Mary Fairchilds, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided. Herein fail not.

A true copy. W. B CLARKE, Sheriff.

G. E. McClintock, Libellant's Attorney.

Nov 14, 1889.

SMETHPORT

GRADED SCHOOL!

The Academic Department offers

TWO THOROUGH COURSES

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All Departments Are Thoroughly Graded—Six Teachers.

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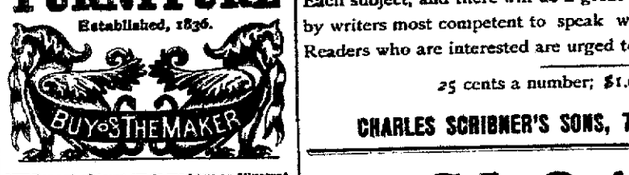
W. T Calfee and G. E. Wells, Smethport, Pa.

FURNITURE

Established, 1836.



For out-of-town trade we have an Illustrated Catalogue, mailed free. We pay the freight.

Hersee & Co. claim to sell furniture cheaper than anybody.

Do they?

They're in Buffalo, a great big establishment five stories high,

Can they sell as cheap as a small store in a country town where rents are low?

And they employ hundreds of workpeople. Can they sell as cheap as the man who employs nobody, and who only has himself to pay?

They say that they've a reason for selling cheaper than other Buffalo houses.

But have they?

Is it just newspaper talk, or is it because they're undersellers? How do they know what other Buffalo furniture men sell for? They say that they sell cheaper because they make what they sell, because when you buy from them you face but one profit, that they don't have to pay a middle man's charges, or make a profit on a profit. They say that this is more than money saving because it gives them a chance not only to make low prices but to take responsibilities that mere buyers and sellers can't take, that they can give satisfaction because they can get it themselves for themselves.

Well, suppose they can—suppose that by doing the work themselves they can save money. Suppose part of their wisdom is sharing what's saved with you and they can serve you better because they know what they sell—where will you buy your furniture?

What makes their country trade bigger and bigger every year—small profits or big ones? Few sales or the many?

It's part of their business to save you money, to make it to your interest to trade with them and keep on trading.

They've printed a Catalogue to help you to wise buying, and they pay the freight besides. You've only got to ask to have a Catalogue and it'll come by next mail.

A postal card's enough.

HERSEE & CO.,

247-255 Elliott St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Two blocks from Main.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED President Judge of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, quarter sessions of the peace, orphans' and court of Common Pleas for the county of Mc

McKean County Miner

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

If you find a cross mark in this square your subscription has expired and we would like to hear from you at once. If you do not want the paper stopped, say so, and pay what you owe. If you want it continued, send us the money at once. We must have it. Do not let the paper run along until it is too late. Please do not say you never subscribed for the paper. Many a good paper is lost in this way. Look at your label and see how you stand. Only $1.00 a year.

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1889.

Local Editor.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The club of the Philadelphia *Weekly Press* is one cent per single subscriber. We furnish the *Press* and the MINER for one year at $1.60.

We furnish the Pittsburgh *Chronicle-Telegraph* with the MINER for one year at the same price.

We furnish the *American Farmer*, a well of farm journal, with the MINER for one year at the same price.

We furnish the *Cottage Hearth*, an excellent monthly periodical published in Boston, with the MINER for one year at the same price.

We furnish the *Ohio Farmer*, a leading weekly farm journal, with the MINER one year for $1.85.

We furnish the *Scientific American*, the best periodical of its kind in the world, with the MINER, one year for $3.00. And the *Architects and Builders Edition* of the same paper with the MINER one year for $4.00.

The price of the elegant *Cosmopolitan Magazine* is $2.50 a year to a single subscriber. We furnish this magazine and the MINER one year for $3.10.

We furnish *Harper's Bazar*, *Weekly* and *Monthly* with the MINER, one year for the price of the magazine.

Mr. T. Gibson, Esq., of this place is authorized to call and receive your names for any of these periodicals.

And

Rather unpleasant.

Next Thursday will be Thanksgiving.

Court convenes next week at the couple of justices.

The Smethport Extract Works are unpleasantly shut down for repairs.

Deputy Sheriff Grubb, of Bradford, has been granted a patent for platen packing.

Clandestine meetings are on the increase, in November nights grow darker.

Underscore, by a friend, will be found in this paper.

The dwelling house of Mrs. Gash was burned to the ground, with its entire contents, at Big Shanty, last Saturday.

Since the improvements on the Smethport water reservoir, Smethport's water supply is the best in the country.

Scott & Dow's Comedy Company will open at the opera house on the 3rd and 4th of December.

Let us give thanks next Thursday. It is indeed a mean man who can find nothing in this great world to be thankful for.

More than 10,000,000 eggs were destroyed by fire the other day in Chicago making the largest order for fried eggs ever filled.

The large Rackus store room lately vacated by D. C. Young, has been rented by A. F. Palmer, who is filling it with notions, etc.

Don't forget the K. O. T. M dance at the opera house next Thursday evening. Wilcott's orchestra of Olean, will furnish music.

Rev. W. D. Lukins has accepted the pastorate of the Baptist church of this place. He will occupy the pulpit next Sunday evening.

—The recent rains have swelled the Allegheny streams considerably of late. The gunning brooklets remained out of sight in a manner.

One of the most delightful sensations is to receive a check or draft in payment of a bill from a business man enclosed in a letter instead of envelope.

Photographer Hoffman's new residence on Union street is about completed, and when finished and furnished will be the prettiest dwelling in town.

A man was heard from in this month he weather is aptly apostrophized in the poet Hood's punning line:

"No sun, no moon, Novembre."

Bradford Typographical Union No. 175, will give their annual ball at Orphan's Hall on Thanksgiving night. It promises to be the social event of the season.

Sperbeck & Bassie come to the front this week with a double column new advertisement. Examine the announcement of this old and reliable firm and profit thereby.

A ball will be given by Bingham Lodge No. 314, A. O. U. W., of Sinnamon on Wednesday evening, Nov. 27th. Prof. Wills' full orchestra of this place will furnish the music.

Fourteen prisoners, a majority of whom hail from "wicked Bradford," are already quartered in Sheriff Clarke's stone hotel. They await the action of the next grand jury.

The new music hall in course of erection at the Clarion State Normal will be completed as rapidly as possible. It is a fine building, and will cost, when finished, about $30,000.

It is hard to see one's own property sold at sheriff's sale, but it is about as bad not to see a friend turned out of house and home on the eve of winter with no means of support.

It is said that there were exactly 34,000 trees planted in Pennsylvania school district grounds on October's Arbor Day. Why did not Smethport help on this laudable work?

A pleasant surprise party was inaugurated in honor of Miss Maud, daughter of Deputy Treasurer Shoemaker, last Monday evening. The young people greatly enjoyed the event.

The nominations of officers of McKean Post, No. 347, to be elected the following Thursday, for the ensuing year will take Thursday evening next. All members are requested to be present.

There will be a union Thanksgiving service at the M. E. church next Thursday morning at 10:30. Rev. W. D. Lukins will preach his new pastor of the Baptist church, and his own pastor, also. All are cordially invited.

Workmen are engaged in putting up a neat and supposed plaster in Gifford's Mechanic street mill. Preparations are also being made to put in an additional furnace, for the purpose of burning soft coal. Improvements are completed.

Nearly being made in this mill, which is one of the finest in the country.

Take care of yourself these dark, rainy days. They and generally disagreeable days. There is death in the air you breathe, and sickness in the water you drink, unless it is boiled. Therefore, take care of yourself.

Mrs. L. A. Freeman will entertain the Ladies at her beautiful home on Decatur street on Tuesday evening next. It is to be hoped that those who receive invitations will attend. The occasion promises to be a delightful one.

A company has been organized in Smethport, we understand, and $5,000 subscribed toward putting down a test well for oil. The well will be located on the Gibson lot, opposite the residence of Perry H. Mast Smethport.

An Italian left Smethport Monday, to bask in the sunny smiles of his native land during the winter. He will return from the land of glory dead, to make some more money with us, when the boys to bloom in the spring, ha ha.

If an editor omits anything, people say he is busy; if he reports things as they be is busy; if he reports things as they are, people are mad; if he scolders they are down the rough points, he is bruised; if he dresses them with pokes, he is cruel; if he does not he is rattleheaded and has no stability; if he lets wrong go unrebuked, he is a coward; if he is outspoken in personalities, he is a blackguard, and if he does not, his paper is dull and insipid. If he has a wife, people say he should have, and if he has none, they say he can't get one. Verily the editor is a much-abused man, notwithstanding all his goodness.—*Ex.*

—The dedicatory exercises of Eldred's new school building will take place on Saturday, 30th inst., at 1:30 p. m. Particulars next week.

—Says the Philadelphia Odd Fellows' *Sylvings*: "There are 800,000 Odd Fellows in the United States. Allowing two feet space for each person, they would form a line 277 miles in length. Allowing each membership the same ratio as voters, they would represent 3,000,000 people."

—Messrs. C. E. Sprague and Alfred Kidder have engaged the big rink and will equip the immense room with a gymnasium paraphernalia. Three nights of the week will be devoted to athletic exercises, and the remaining three nights to roller skating. They are repairing the rink in various ways.

—Prof. Mills' orchestra of this place furnished music for the ball given by Colegrove's gilded youths last Wednesday evening. After "matwicking all the chains that tie the hidden soul of harmony" for several hours the members of the orchestra swam back to Smethport, or breasted the waves of Potato creek on a flat boat.

—John Johnson, a teamster employed by the Anchor Oil Co., was fatally injured on the N. K. & P. railroad near Crawford Junction on Monday. He was struck by a passenger train while walking on the track. The whistle was sounded long and loud, and as the man paid no attention to it, it is supposed that he was either deaf, or committed suicide.

—A couple of men took advantage of Mrs. Shea's absence last week, who keeps a boarding-house near Doyle's mill in Norwich township, and entered her private room and took from it some articles of small value, so she writes us. She feels as though they should be dealt with according to law, and the only advice we can give her is to put the matter in the hands of an attorney and make them "come to time."

—The congregation at St. Luke's Church, last Sunday evening, listened to one of Rt. Rev. Cortlandt Whitehead's most able sermons. The Bishop afterwards confirmed a class of fifteen persons, assisted by Rev. Bates of Port Allegany, and the Rector of St. Luke's. The altar was adorned with draperies and flowers, and the large congregation was deeply impressed with the beautiful ceremony. Confirmation services were held in Bradford on Monday.

—The Sullivan *Review* gets off the following. "We are not particularly friendly to peddlers, but we do hope that people will continue to patronize them until merchants quit sending to the city for job printing. Suppose we peddlers petition the Legislature to prohibit merchants and other business men from getting their job printing done outside the county in which they reside and do business. What's sauce for the goose ought to be decent for the gander, certainly."

—A swell wedding occurred in Washington on the 7th inst. Ex-Secy. of State Thos. F. Bayard of Delaware, was married to Miss Mary W. Clymer, who is a lady of considerable wealth and belongs to the aristocratic Clymer family of that city and eastern Pennsylvania. Mr. Bayard is 61 years of age and Miss Clymer 30. Probably the lady never saw a gentleman before who *just suited her*. A number of well-known people were present, including ex-President Cleveland and wife.

—Nelly Bly, a representative of the New York *World*, is just now being whirled around the terrestrial globe. She is going to beat the record of "Phileas Fogg," Jules Verne's hero, who made the imaginary trip in eighty days. Nelly is making the trip in seventy-two, and does not get the a countenance girl, who does not get the a countenance when she encounters a shadow bystanders when she encounters a shadow or a maniac, and who does not hesitate to feign insanity, in order to be admitted to an asylum, where she can write up the internal affairs of the institution. She will probably staff the "World" in great shape, this story.

—DuBois is one of the most enterprising and progressive boroughs in the county of Clearfield. It is now lighted by electricity and the *Courier* is jubilant. Wiring is already completed for 700 lights and contracts are in hand for 500. Several of the leading merchants have fifty candle power lights in their show windows. Kenovo has a small plant and it is the nearest town to DuBois using the light at present. Oil City is next on the west; Bradford is talking of a plant and the Westinghouse Company is forward the Clearfield with machinery for lighting Clearfield with machinery for lighting Clearfield with machinery for lighting

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Desirous to meet Manufacturers of

HARNESS

OF EVERY STYLE AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets; Whips, Etc.

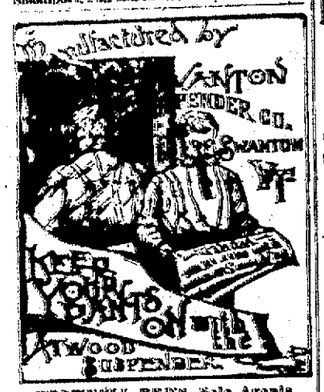
Also a large and complete invoice of

TRUNKS & VALISES

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are also long our goods at low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., March 11, 1889.



BROWNELL BROS, Sole Agents, SMETHPORT, PA.

MANHOOD

NOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

Just published, a new edition of

Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay

on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, Etc.; also Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of early error may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of four cents or two postage stamps. Address,

Samples of medicine free.

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.

41 Ann St., New York, N. Y. Post Office box 455

Feb. 28-1y. L.

FIRST-CLASS

BLACKSMITHING!

The undersigned has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Christian Kreniger, on Mechanic street, near Gifford's saw-mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including

HORSESHOEING.

Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures

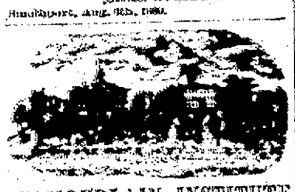
SLEIGHS

of all kinds.

Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.

CHAS. W. LILLENDAHL.

Smethport, Aug. 8th, 1889.



CHAMBERLAIN INSTITUTE AND FEMALE COLLEGE,

RANDOLPH, N. Y.

This is a school for both sexes. Has been established and well known for forty years. Is well equipped with all appliances of a first-class seminary. Location, twenty miles from Chautauqua Lake, not surpassed in beauty and healthfulness by that of any other school in the country. Dormitories and dining rooms with steam heat and gas. Gives care to their health, manners and morals. The Music Department is under the direction of a graduate of the N. England Conservatory. The Commercial College is thoroughly practical. Winter term opens December 10, 1889. Address for illustrated catalogues,

(Jewel) Rev. J. F. Edwards, D. D. Pres't.

Oct.-6 Aug 28-Nov. 6, 14-Mch. 7, 14.

WAGON,

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.

HORSESHOEING

A SPECIALTY.

The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet!

BUSH & McINTOSH,

Manufacturers of

Door & Window Frames

Flooring, Siding, Ceiling, Etc.

Sash and Blinds Furnished to Order.

CUSTOM PLANING

done on short notice.

Also manufacturers of

LEVER HANDLES, WHIFFLETREES, NECK-YOKES, AND ALL KINDS —OF TURNED WORK—

Saws Gummed to order

Shop opposite W. N. Y. & P. Depot,

East : Smethport.

BROWNELL BROS

—IN—

HEADQUARTERS!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

A FULL LINE OF

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS

ETC., ETC.

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

January 1, 1889.

Spring Disorders

Shattered nerves, tired brain, impure blood, debilitated system, all are the natural outcome of the Spring. A medicine must be used, and nothing equals Paine's Celery Compound. We let others praise us—you cannot help believing a disinterested party.

Postmaster-General W. L. Greenleaf, Burlington, Vt., writes: "I have used Paine's Celery Compound on several occasions, and always with benefit. Last spring, being very much run down and debilitated, I commenced taking it. Two bottles made me feel like a new man. As a general tonic and spring medicine I do not know of its equal."

"I have used two bottles of your Paine's Celery Compound, and it has given entire satisfaction as an appetizer and blood purifier."

T. L. Sexton, Watertown, Dakota.

Paine's Celery Compound

as prescribed by physicians, recommended by clergymen, endorsed by ministers, praised by users, and guaranteed by the manufacturers, is not like "just as good" preparations, but is the best spring medicine which will do all that is claimed for it. Use it this spring, and see how quickly it tones you up.

Purifies the Blood.

Full accounts of wonderful cures made by Paine's Celery Compound after other medicines had failed, sent free. There's nothing like it.

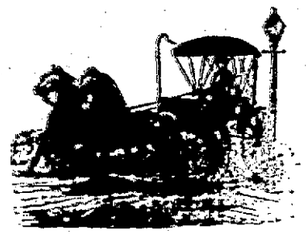
$1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Color Anything any Color. Simple, Durable, Economical. IT IS EASY TO DYE WITH DIAMOND DYES 20 Colors, 10 cents each.

A. T. PALMER,

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.



DEALER IN

HORSES,

Wagons, Carriages, Carts,

Harness, Etc.

WATER STREET BARN.

—ALSO—

FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,

BENNETT HOUSE BARN.

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE. SMETHPORT, PA.

ATTENTION!

I wish to say a few words to my friends and customers. After many years of pleasant dealings with the people of Smethport and vicinity, I deem it my duty to inform them that I am at all times prepared to

MEET -:- COMPETITION

in a business way and on

BUSINESS : PRINCIPLES!

I have in many ways improved my business and am constantly

-:- ADDING TO MY STOCK -:-

so as to make it the leading and reliable Clothing and

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

—OF McKEAN COUNTY.—

I can be found in my store and at all times pleased to see my old and new customers, where they may rely on

FAIR AND HONEST DEALING.

All I want is a call, and I will convince you it is to your interest to deal with

RELIABLE : MERCHANTS

and not with temporary dealers, or dealers who start in business for a few days, trying to make the public believe they are here to stay, and can save your money by buying of them.

It is not so, for I can assure each and every one of my customers, and I can prove to them that I have the

LARGEST STOCK

and the FINEST GOODS and the

LOWEST PRICES

in town. All I want is a call and I will convince you

WHAT I SAY IS TRUE

and not simply a trap to get you to buy. Soliciting a call, I am yours truly,

H. W. RUBIN,

The Reliable Clothier and Merchant Tailor, - Smethport, Pa.

INSURANCE.

SMETHPORT HOME AGENCY,

HASKILL & BURDICK.

We represent the following

Old and Reliable Companies:

Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia the oldest Insurance Co. in the world. Assets	$8,436,591
Pennsylvania Fire,	2,890,867
Franklin	3,181,243
Royal, Liverpool	4,845,195
Fire Insurance Association of London (U. S. Branch)	893,445
Sun, Fire, London	1,848,610
Hanover, New York	2,479,654

Do not obtain Insurance in another State as long as you can get insured at home in as reliable companies as the above.

HASKILL & BURDICK,

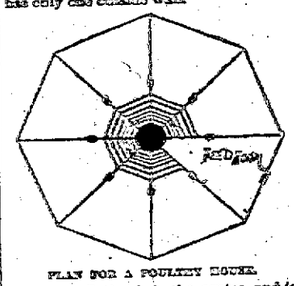
Bank Building, Main Street, - Smethport, Pa.

FARM AND GARDEN.

INFORMATION BASED ON EXPERIENCE AND OBSERVATION.

A Talpae Poultry House for, Which Many Merits Are Claimed—A Plan for a Good Barn—Preventives and Cures for Foot Rot in Sheep.

The advantages claimed for the poultry house represented in the cut are: concentration of all labor connected with it, more square feet of surface for the same outside wall, and each apartment has only one outside wall.



PLAN FOR A POULTRY HOUSE.

The ventilation is in the center, and is indicated in the cut by the dark spot. The roosts are placed close to the ventilation, with a tight floor just below, slanted toward the ventilator, which is large enough at the bottom to hold the droppings. These can then be taken out at the feed room by placing a box of convenient size under the ventilator. They can be removed without handling. Doors are placed just outside the roosts, to permit one to pass around through the different apartments. A building of this size and shape contains about 863 square feet of space, while one built in the ordinary shape, say 20x36, contains 720 feet—a difference of 143 square feet, while the outside walls have the same area. A small window in each pen will be sufficient, by having the partitions made partly of wire netting, according to Ohio Farmer, for which the plan was first drawn and described.

Tanning Cow Hides.

It often occurs that farmers desire to tan cow hides for ropes, chair bottoms or home made foot wear. For the convenience of these farmers is appended a formula for tanning skins in a small way:

To remove the hair, take one quart of quicklime to every pailful of water necessary to make clear liquid enough to cover the hide. Soak the skin in it until the hair can be scraped off, and no longer. When the hair has been removed scrape off clean all the flesh from the flesh side of the skin. Then sprinkle the flesh side thoroughly with fine salt and powdered alum, and fold it together, or soak the hide in a solution of salt and alum for twenty-four hours, or until it is sufficiently cured. The salt and alum tawo or cures the hide, but does not tan it. Next hang on a smooth beam, work, pull and scrape it until dry. The more it is worked, the more pliable it will be. If the hide is a dry one it should be soaked soft before it is put in the lime water. Tanning skins is a trade to be learned, and in it, as in everything else that requires special knowledge and experience, to turn out a neat job, the advice is therefore given, to have the tanning done, when practicable, by those who understand it.

One Plan of Breaking Bulls.

Mr. Eddy, in New England Homestead, tells of a method of breaking bulls that is both practical and economical. He takes the animal at any age and puts on the same harness that he would use on a horse, fastening the reins the opposite side up, and hitches him into a two wheeled cart in some large field where there are no trees. He then gets in for a ride, letting Mr. Bull go where he wants to. When the bull begins to tire he continues to drive him until he is thoroughly conquered. After the first trial he has no difficulty in working him. But he always keeps a rope attached to the ring in the nose so that the animal cannot run away. Mr. Eddy has a 4-year-old Holstein bull that has drawn all the manure on the farm the last year, and now does all the work, such as drawing corn fodder for twenty-one cows every day and earth for the stable. He says that considerable care should be taken not to overload the animal for the first few weeks, for if once balky he will make trouble.

Horses in Dark Stables.

The pupil of a horse's eye is enlarged by being kept in a dark stable; he has a harness put on him and is suddenly brought out into glaring sunlight, which contracts the pupil so suddenly as to cause extreme pain. By persevering in this very foolish and injudicious, as well as cruel, practice, the nerve of the eye becomes impaired, and if continued long enough loss of sight will ensue. To see how painful it is to face a bright light after having been in the dark, take a walk some dark night for a short time till the eyes become used to the darkness, then drop suddenly into some well lighted room, and you will scarcely be able to see a few moments in the sudden light. You know how painful it is to yourself, then why have your horses repeatedly bear such unnecessary pain? asks Field and Farm.

Reduced Charges on Nursery Stock.

S. M. Emery, chairman of the committee appointed by the American Association of Nurserymen for the purpose of securing lower rates on express lines, reports that a new classification has been agreed upon which amounts to a reduction of 20 to 25 per cent. on all express lines, on all shipments of trees and shrubs, boxed or baled. Such packages are now classed with produce. This is good news to fruit growers, nurserymen and many others. We now have reduced freight, reduced postage, and reduced express charges on nursery stock.

FOOT ROT IN SHEEP.

Directions for Treating This Common and Troublesome Disease.

About the symptoms of foot rot we need not say much; these are unmistakable. There is a speedy loss of condition, due both to constitutional disturbance and to inability to walk in search of food. No time ought to be lost in attending to the animal who exhibits any sign of lameness, however slight.

The remedies for foot rot are very varied, and there are dozens of agents, either alone or in the combination, that are vaunted as cures, and no doubt correctly so. The selection of a remedy is not so difficult as to get it properly applied. They resolve themselves into two classes, astringents and caustics, and generally too free use is made of the latter as well as of the paring knife. It is most essential that diseased structure, such as loose horn, should be cut away, and also that free vent should be given to pus, but no more of the sensitive structure of the foot should be exposed than is absolutely necessary, because there are sure to be fungus growths springing from parts denuded of horn, and the free use of the knife thus gives rise to the necessity for the free use of caustics or the actual cautery.

Removal to a higher, dryer and barer pasture is a most useful step, or, if this is not practicable, the worst cases should be put on dry straw in sheds or yards. In some instances a poultice, either of bran or boiled mashed turnips or carrots, proves most useful. "Taken all round," says a leading English veterinary surgeon, "there is no better remedy than sulphate of copper—common 'blue stone' or 'blue vitriol'—and most dressings are largely composed of this agent. In mild cases a concentrated solution of the sulphates of copper and zinc poured into the affected parts is most efficient. Equal parts of butyr of antimony and compound tincture of myrrh also make a good dressing when applied with a funnel or on brush to the diseased parts. In severe cases the strong mineral acids are used, especially the nitric, with quicksilver dissolved in it."

On farms where the disease is prevalent the sheep are periodically driven through shallow troughs containing a strength of arsenic and soda, and if the feet are carefully pared and the attention is constant, this is one of the best methods of prevention yet devised; but where the disease is already established the individual method of treatment offers the best prospect of success. We may sum up the treatment thus: Get the sheep under shelter or in a dry pasture. Pare the feet judiciously and apply a liquid dressing varying in strength with the progress the disease has made and the necessity for removing fungus granulation. Follow this up by using an ointment every day composed of one part boric acid and seven parts of lard, and adopt every possible means for keeping the feet clean and dry, which is very much more easily said than done.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

A Simple Method of Treating Drunkenness for Which Great Success Is Claimed.

A medical man, recently returned from Norway, is credited with the following description of what they do with dipsomaniacs in that country. He says:

An habitual drunkard in Sweden and Norway is treated on a criminal in this sense, that his inordinate love of strong drink renders him liable to imprisonment, and while in confinement it appears he is cured of his bad propensities on a plan which, though simple enough, is said to produce marvelous effects. From the day the confined drunkard is incarcerated no nourishment is served to him or her but bread and wine. The bread, however, it should be said, cannot be eaten apart from the wine, but is steeped in a bowl of it, and left to soak thus an hour or more before the meal is served to the delinquent. The first day the habitual toper takes his food in this shape without the slightest repugnance; the second day he finds it less agreeable to his palate, and very quickly he evinces a positive aversion to it. Generally, the doctor stated, eight or ten days of this regimen is more than sufficient to make a man loathe the very sight of wine, and even refuse the tempting dish set before him. This manner of curing drunken habits is said to succeed almost without exception, and men or women who have undergone the treatment rarely return to their evil ways.

The Action of Popular Sedatives.

Dr. T. Lauder Brunton, an eminent English practitioner, in an abstract on the subject of hypnotics, says: "Sulphonal appears to be one of the most effective of all the newly introduced hypnotics, and although it does not, like morphine, compel, it induces sleep in a pleasant manner, and has few, disagreeable effects and little or no danger."

On the other hand, The American Journal of Medical Science gives the following summary of various sedatives, hypnotics and anodyne depressants: "Paraldehyde is the purest and least harmful hypnotic yet introduced, when insomnia is marked and intractable. Urethan and sulphonal cannot compare with it. Opium and chloral have special dangers and disadvantages. A combination of cannabis indica and the bromides is the best and least harmful of the general sedatives; and hyoscin is the best pure motor depressant but it needs great care."

Not So Blind As He Claimed to Be.

Light was let in by clever German scientists upon a case of feigned blindness in the following simple manner: A factory hand claimed damages for alleged total blindness of the left eye, resulting from an accident. As a test he was asked by the experts to read through glasses, the left being clear white and the right being red, some words written in green on black ground. The man read the writing easily, which he could not have done with any but the eye to be claimed was defective. Then it is that the glasses in with a smirk, "Just to say good morning," and ruffles your temper, and demolishes your sense of dignity.

In your wife without a cook or maid, and in she in the kitchen flushed, and perspiring, and untidy, getting up a hasty meal? The fortunate neighbor is dead sure to rush in unannounced, and when you beg her to step into the sitting room, coolly passes you, and surveys the mistress of the house over the hot stove. Then to see the wretched efforts the latter makes to appear at ease, and to make the vulgar visitor feel that it is delightful for one to be surprised with her hands in dish water and a spot spot on her cheek, is enough to give one the lockjaw. And as for the miserable man who tried in vain to stop the lady in the parlor, his actions in the privacy of the bed chamber are those of a wild and desperate creature. Is there no remedy for this most intolerable of all small nuisances?

A Carlisle young lady with not very good sight picked up a live bee in mistake for a blackberry, and has consented to wear eyeglasses.

The Chamber of Torture.

Is the apartment to which the unhappy sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism is confined. If, ere the crisis of pain is reached, that fine preventive, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is used by persons of a rheumatic tendency, much unnecessary suffering is avoided. Nervines, anodynes and sedatives, while having none but a specific effect, are yet very desirable at times. Yet can they produce no lasting effect upon rheumatism, because they have no power to eliminate from the blood the rheumatic virus. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters does this, and checks at the outset a disease which, if allowed to gain headway, it is next to impossible to dislodge or to do more than relieve. Rheumatism, it should be remembered, is a disease with a fatal tendency from its proneness to attack the heart. A resort to the Bitters should, therefore, be prompt. Dyspepsia, kidney complaint, malaria and nervousness are relieved by it.

100 Ladies Wanted.

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and clearing up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it. Large size package, 50 cents. At all druggists'.

C. G. Johnson

Has just opened his new liquor store at No. 63 State street, Olean, N. Y., where he is always pleased to meet his friends. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to. Swedish punch a specialty. 6m.

Direct from the Front.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., July 2, 1888.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gentlemen—I can cheerfully and truthfully say that S. S. S. is the greatest blood purifier on earth. In 1884 I contracted blood poison. Physicians treated me with no good results. I took a half dozen different kinds of blood medicines, but, without receiving any permanent relief! I was induced to try S. S. S. I began the first bottle with the gravest doubts of success. I had been so often deceived. But improvement came, and I continued its use until perfectly well. I have since married, and have a healthy family. No trace of the disease is seen. Swift's Specific did all this for me, and I am grateful. Yours truly, J. S. STRADER.

118 Dale Ave.

KEMP, TEXAS, June 23, 1888.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gentlemen—A sixteen-year-old son of mine was afflicted with bad blood, and broke out with an eruption on various parts of his body. I put him to taking S. S. S., and a few bottles cured him entirely. I live at Lone Oak, but my post-office is at Kemp. Yours truly, W. S. ROBINSON.

Three books mailed free on application. All druggists sell S. S. S.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. New York, 756 Broadway.

If You Have

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, SCROFULA, COUGH or COLD, THROAT AFFECTION, WASTING of FLESH,

or any Disease where the Throat and Lungs are Inflamed, Lack of Strength or Nerve Power, you can be relieved and Cured by

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL

With Hypophosphites.

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a substitute.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wholesale and Retail

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked.

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF

Nearly opposite Catholic church Main st

J. F. ROONEY.

Smethport Planing Mill.

Water Street, Foot of Franklin.

J. BAKER & SONS,

Manufacturers of

WINDOW AND DOOR FRAMES

SIDING, CEILING,

Wainscotting, Flooring, Etc., Etc.

CUSTOM WORK

done in a first-class manner and on short notice.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

Builders will do well to call on us for their lumber, as we can furnish all kinds in short order at reasonable prices.

Contractors and Builders.

To this branch of our business we will devote special attention. None but skilled workmen are employed, and we guarantee satisfaction.

ATTENTION!

Having taken the agency for the Celebrated

IVERS & POND PIANO,

of Boston, and the

STORY and CLARK ORGAN,

of Chicago, (Instruments equaled by few, and excelled by no other makes, except in prices,) I will sell them on time and

EASY PAYMENTS,

by the month, or quarter, to suit customers.

They are warranted for five years, and if after a trial of from three to six months, they fall below the recommend, will be removed at the Company's expense, and

MONEY REFUNDED.

Liberal discounts on

CASH SALES.

A reasonable price allowed for old instrument in exchange for new.

MRS. M. E. RICHMOND,

Smethport, Pa

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 186 Fulton Street, N. Y.

Near Philadelphia. School Opens Sept. 18th. Yearly Expenses, $300. Four Payments, $150.

MEDIA ACADEMY

Admits and classifies pupils, men and boys of any time; fits them for Business, any College, Polytechnic School, for West Point or Annapolis. One of the best equipped and best managed Schools. Location healthful. All modern conveniences. Steam heat, gas, bath-rooms, hot and cold water, etc. Thorough instruction. Pupils (from 60 countries) are limited, insuring personal attention. Boarding pupils (from 20 states) are limited to 100, insuring home comforts. Every room has its own steam heat and gas. Extensive grounds for athletics, etc. Gymnasium. Special opportunities for pupils wishing to advance rapidly. Thorough preparation for business, or for entering any college or scientific school. Classical, Scientific, Civil or Engineering course. Physical and Chemical Laboratory. Practical Mineralogy. Typewriting, etc. Military drill. Fine Cadet Band. Pupils from 12 States and 2 Territories attend Media Academy. Every home comfort. Every boy supplied with apparatus that any other first-class school affords. Every boy has a room to himself. Every boy has a good bed. Every boy has plenty of wholesome food. Every boy has the best attention. Every boy has the best influences. Every boy has a pleasant home. Every boy has a thorough education. Every boy has a good start in life. No vacations. No extra charges. No incidentals. No saloons. No gambling. No bad company. No bad habits. No bad morals. No bad manners. No bad boys. Every boy is a gentleman. Every boy is a student. Every boy is a scholar. Every boy is a credit to himself, his parents, his teachers and his school. Every boy is happy. Every boy is contented. Every boy is delighted with Media Academy. Every boy is glad he came. Every boy is sorry for the boys who do not come. Every boy is sorry when the time comes for him to leave. Every boy comes back. Every boy sends his friends. Every boy is a living testimonial. Every boy is a walking advertisement. Every boy is a good boy. Every boy is a model boy. Every boy is a boy to be proud of. Every boy is a boy to be loved. Every boy is a boy to be trusted. Every boy is a boy to be respected. Every boy is a boy to be admired. Every boy is a boy to be imitated. Every boy is a boy to be followed. Every boy is a boy to be watched. Every boy is a boy to be guarded. Every boy is a boy to be protected. Every boy is a boy to be cherished